Dr.H.TAYLOR'S NOTE. The walls of the nave are 3 foot 10 inches thick, and the walls of the presbytery are 3 foot 4. This compares with normal widths of Anglo-Saxon walls of less than 3 foot.
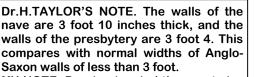
MY NOTE. Bearing in mind the great size of the church (and which built in the Roman 'basilican' form) this is in proportion.

All Saints Church, Brixworth, Northants.

A remarkable early building comprising varying stages of alteration over the centuries and possibly begun in the last quarter of the 7th C. Internally the nave and presbytery were separated by a wall pierced by 3 arches, this having been removed and replaced with a 15th century pointed arch.

Clockwise from top left -

1. The exterior from the north aspect.
2. The interior of the nave looking west, showing the now blocked arches which originally led to a series of 'porticus' or side chapels.
3. The west wall of the nave in more detail, showing the doorway above cut through by the 10th c. triple window above that.
4. Doorway in south wall of tower, originally leading to S annexe. Note the reuse of Roman bricks in the arch, so evident everywhere in this building.
5. South aspect of tower (built over west porch), and half-round stair-turret.
6. The east end of the (present) nave showing the archway to the chancel (chancel rebuilt and restored in the 19th cent.)